**Key Concepts: Location and Place Knowledge Physical and Human Geography Geographical Skills and Fieldwork**

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| **Year/ Term** | **Term 1** | **Term 2** | **Term 3** | **Term 4** | **Term 5** | **Term 6** |
| **Nursery** | Explore our school |  | Focus on ‘dressing for the weather  Find weather images | Observe seasonal change and look for signs of spring |  | Learn about another country: cookery, flag etc. |
| **Reception** | Compare different homes |  |  | Exploring/comparing countries around the world | Caring for the environment |  |
| **Year 1** | ***What is around me?***  **National Curriculum:**  Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.  **Core Skills:**   * Say what they like about their locality   **Core Knowledge:**   * Describe a locality using words and pictures * Know key features associated with a town   **Enhancement:** Visit to and around Wantage | | ***Are we more than an island?***  **National Curriculum:**  Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas  **Core Skills:**   * Answer some questions using different resources, such as books, the internet and atlases   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know some of the main towns and cities in the United Kingdom (London, Cardiff, Edinburgh and Belfast) * Know the 4 countries that make up the UK * Know the surrounding seas of the United Kingdom (Atlantic Ocean, North Sea, Irish Sea and English Channel)   **Key Link-** Building UK geographical knowledge for the next term’s history topic | | ***Are hot places always hot?***  **National Curriculum:**  Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles  **Core Skills:**   * Keep a weather chart * Point out where the equator, north pole and south pole are on a globe or atlas   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know the main features of a hot and cold place * Know how the weather changes with each season   **Key Link-** Building geographical knowledge for the next term’s history focus on changes on holidays over time | |
| **Year 2** | ***How are maps made?***  **National Curriculum:**  Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.  Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.  **Core Skills:**   * Label a diagram or photograph using some geographical words * Find out about a locality by using different sources of evidence   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know the key features of a place * Know where they live on a map of the UK * Know how to draw a simple map of the school using a range resources to help   **Link:** Building up locality knowledge from Year 1 unit. Moving from ‘our school’ and our homes. | | ***Where does land meet the sea?***  **National Curriculum:**  Name and locate the world’s seven continents and five oceans.  Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage.  **Core Skills:**   * Label a diagram or photograph using some geographical words   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know the world oceans and locate them on a map * Know the continents of the world and locate them on a map * Know the capital cities of England, Wales, Scotland and Ireland * Know a place outside Europe using geographical words * Know and describe some physical features of own locality * Know some human features of own locality, such as the jobs people do * Know what facilities a village or town might needs * Know and say what they like and don’t like about their locality and another   **Link:** Previous mapping skills unit- building in knowledge of using maps and atlases | | ***Is Kenya more than a Safari destination?***  **National Curriculum:**  Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features  Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country.  **Core Skills:**   * Find out about a locality by using different sources of evidence * Find out about a locality by asking some good questions to someone else   **Enhancement:** Trip to Safari Park- Cotswold Wildlife Park | |
| **Year 3** | ***Do maps always show us the way?***  **National Curriculum:**  Use the eight points of a compass, four-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world  **Core Skills:**   * Identify key features of a locality by using a map * Begin to use a 4 figure grid references * Use some basic OS map symbols   **Core Knowledge:**   * To know and recognise the 8 points of the compass (N,NW, W, S, SW, SE, E, NE)   **Enhancement:** Orienteering around the school | | ***What makes Italy inviting?***  **National Curriculum:**  Locate the world’s countries, using maps to focus on Europe.  Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region in a European country  **Core Skills:**   * Confidently describe physical features in a locality * Locate the Mediterranean and explain why it is a popular holiday destination   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know and confidently describe human features in a locality * Know how the lives of people living in the Mediterranean would be different from their own * Know and locate some well-known European countries   **Enhancement:** Parent Exhibition | | ***Is fire a gift or a curse?***  **National Curriculum:**  describe and understand key aspects of:  \*physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, **volcanoes and earthquakes**, and the water cycle.  Identify the position and significance of Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere.  Use maps, atlases, globes and  digital/computer mapping to  locate countries and describe  features studied  **Core Skills:**   * Use correct geographical words to describe a place and the things that happen there * Use maps and atlases appropriately by using contents and indexes   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know how volcanoes are created * Know how earthquakes are created * Know how volcanoes have an impact on people’s life * Know a number of countries in the Northern Hemisphere * Know and locate some of the world’s most famous volcanoes | |
| **Year 4** | ***Are we British, European, or both?***  **National Curriculum:**  Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.  Use the eight points of a compass to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world  **Core Skills:**   * Label the same features on an aerial photograph as on a map * Use appropriate symbols to represent different physical features on a map? * Locate some of main islands that surround the UK   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know the difference between the British Isles, Great Britain and UK * Know some of main islands that surround the UK   **Key Link:** British values. Link to next History topic | | ***City or village: Where would you like to live?***  **National Curriculum:**  Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use.  **Core Skills:**   * Carry out a research to discover features of cities and villages   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know the main features of a well-known city * Know the main features of a village * Know the main physical differences between cities and villages * Know why people are attracted to live in cities * Know why people may choose to live in a village rather than a city | | ***Why should we rescue the rainforests?***  **National Curriculum:**  Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including: **climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts.**  Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of North or South America.  **Core Skills:**   * Accurately measure and collect information (e.g. rainfall, temperature, wind speed, noise levels etc.) * Locate the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know how a locality has changed over time with reference to human features * Know and find different views about an environmental issue * Know different ways that a locality could be changed and improved | |
| **Year 5** | ***Houses or habitats?***  **National Curriculum:**  Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics-land-use patterns; **and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time**  Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.  **Core Skills:**   * Make detailed sketches and plans; improving their accuracy later * Collect information about a place and use it in a report * Map land use   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know how a location fits into its wider geographical location; with reference to physical features   **Link:** Review using pupil knowledge of the local area from Y4 Local History topic | | ***The last straw?***  **National Curriculum:**  locate the world’s countries, using maps to focus on Europe, (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, **concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities**  **Core Knowledge:**   * Know what a place might be like in the future, taking account of issues impacting on human features   **Link:** Ensure coverage of the impact of the largest industrial nations- include the impact of North America | | ***Is there more to North America than the USA?***  **National Curriculum:**  Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, **economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water.**  Locate the world’s countries, using maps- North and South America  **Core Skills:**   * Locate the USA and Canada on a world map and atlas   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know how a location fits into its wider geographical location; with reference to human and economical features * Know how some places are similar and others are different in relation to their human and physical features * Locate and name the main countries in South America on a world map and atlas * Locate the USA and Canada on a world map and atlas   **Link:** Review America’s impact on the environment | |
| **Year 6** | ***Where do all the rivers flow?***  **National Curriculum:**  name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features **(including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers),** and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time  Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.  Physical geography, including: rivers, mountains and the water cycle.  **Core Skills:**   * Use OS maps to answer questions   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know why many cities of the world are situated by rivers * Know how the water cycle works * Know why water is such a valuable commodity * Know why people are attracted to live by rivers * Name and locate many of the world’s major rivers on maps * Name and locate many of the world’s most famous mountain regions on maps * Recognise key symbols used on ordnance survey maps   **Enhancements:** Letcombe Brook exploration/field work | | ***Where’s my place in the world?***  **National Curriculum:**  Use the eight points of a compass, and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world  **Core Skills:**   * Make careful measurements and use the data * Create sketch maps when carrying out a field study   **Core Knowledge:**   * Confidently know scale and use maps with a range of scales * Recognise key symbols used on ordnance survey maps | | ***Can humans exist in extremes?***  **Time Zones**  **National Curriculum:**  locate the world’s countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities  Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)  **Time Zones**  **Core Skills:**   * Use maps, aerial photos, plans and web resources to describe what a locality might be like * Map land use with their own criteria   **Core Knowledge:**   * Know and give extended description of the physical features of different places around the world * Know how some places are similar and others are different in relation to their human features * Know and give an extended description of the human features of different places around the world * Know how some places are similar and others are different in relation to their physical features * Know the largest desert in the world * Know the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn as well as the Arctic and Antarctic circles * Know how the time zones work | |